



RM-7111

B. E. III (Sem. VI) (Electrical) Examination

May / June - 2010

Control System - II

Time : 3 Hours]

[Total Marks : 100

**Instruction :**

(1)

नीचे दृश्यादि निशानीवाणी विगतो उत्तरवडी पर अवश्य लभवी.  
Fillup strictly the details of signs on your answer book.

Name of the Examination :  
B. E. 3 (Sem. 6) (Electrical)

Name of the Subject :  
Control System - 2

Subject Code No. : 7 1 1 1 Section No. (1, 2,.....) : 1&2

Seat No. :  
[ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ]

Student's Signature

- (2) Write the answers to each section in **separate** answer sheet.  
(3) Figures to the **right** indicate full marks.  
(4) Assume suitable data wherever **necessary**.

### SECTION - I

- 1 (a) Attempt all the questions :
- (i) The open loop transfer function of a feedback control system is  $K / (s^*(s^2 + 3s + 6))$  the breakaway point of its root locus \_\_\_\_\_ 1
- (ii) The open loop transfer function of a unity feedback system is given by  $K / (s^*(s + 1))$ . If the value of K is such that the system is critically damped. The close loop poles of the system for that value of K are \_\_\_\_\_ 2
- (iii) Indicate the type of compensator represented by the following transfer function  $G_c(s) = (s + 1)/(s + 12)$ . Justify your answer. 1
- (iv) If the characteristic equation of a closed loop system is  $1 + K / (s^*(s + 1)(s + 2)) = 0$ , the centroid of the system is \_\_\_\_\_ and the number of asymptotes are \_\_\_\_\_ 2
- (v) In a lag compensator, the maximum lag occurs at \_\_\_\_\_ mean of the two corner frequency. 1

- (vi) Draw the passive network representation for a lag lead network. 1
- (vii) The setting time of the \_\_\_\_\_ with addition of a pole to a system. Justify your answer. 1
- (b) Consider the system, which has an unstable feedforward transfer function.  $G(s) = 10(s+1)/(s(s-3))$ . Sketch the root-locus plot and locate the closed-loop poles. Show that, although the closed-loop poles lie on the negative real axis and the system is not oscillatory, the unit-step response curve will exhibit overshoot. 10

- 2 (a) The open-loop transfer function is given by 9

$$G(s) = \frac{1}{s(s+1)(0.5s+1)}$$

If it is desired to compensate the system so that the static velocity error constant  $K_v$  is  $5 \text{ sec}^{-1}$ , the phase margin is at least  $40^\circ$ , and the gain margin is at least 10 dB.

- (b) Write the steps for designing a lag compensator using root locus method. Support your answer with necessary figures. 7

OR

- 2 (a) Consider a system with an unstable plant shown in figure 1. Using the root-locus approach, design a proportional-plus-derivative controller (that is, determine the values of  $K_p$  and  $T_d$ ) such that the damping ratio of the closed-loop system is 0.7 and the undamped natural frequency  $\omega_n$  is 0.5 rad/sec. 5

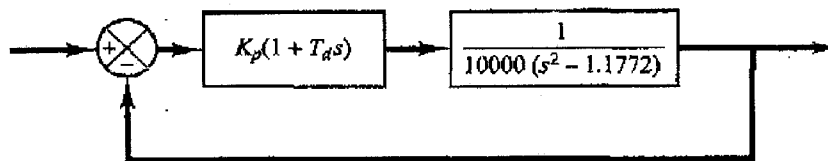


Fig. 1

- (b) Explain in detail the state feedback method of design using state space analysis. 8
- 3 Attempt any two : 14
- (a) Explain how a lead compensator improves the transient behaviour of the system.
- (b) Obtain the transfer function of a PID controller. Realize the same using op-amps.
- (c) Discuss the usefulness of root locus as a tool vis-a-vis bode plots for the analysis of a given control system.

## SECTION - II

- 4 (a) Explain advantages of state variable method over conventional one. Also state limitations. 5
- (b) Define (i) positive definitiveness (ii) negative definitiveness (iii) semi positive definitiveness (iv) semi negative definitiveness (v) in definitiveness. Give example of each. 10
- (c) Show that the following function is negative definite. 5
- \*  
 $x_3 = x_2$   
 \*  
 $x_2 = -x_2 - x_1^2 x_2.$
- 5 (a) Explain procedure to achieve digitalization of matrix A. 7
- (b) For given mechanical system obtain state model in standard form. 8

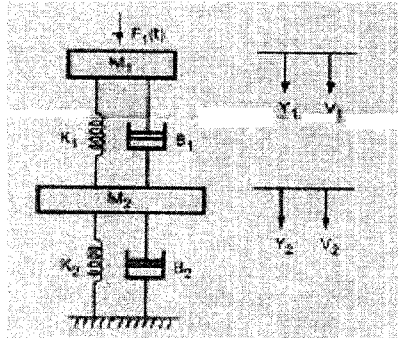


Fig. 2

OR

- 5 (a) Develop the state model of linear time invariant systems. 7
- (b) Obtain state model of electric system shown in figure.3 8

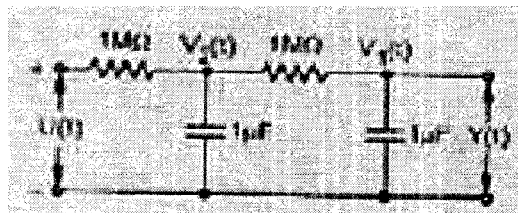


Fig. 3

OR

- 6 Attempt any **three** : 15
- (a) Write short note on stability in sense of liapunov.
- (b) Derive the transfer function from state model.

- (c) Obtain the system transfer function for a system with state model matrices given as follows :

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}; B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}; C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (d) Evaluate observability of the system.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix}; B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } C = [3 \ 4 \ 1].$$

- (e) Evaluate observability of the system.

$$\begin{bmatrix} * \\ X_1 \\ * \\ X_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -2 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} U(t) \text{ and } Y(t) = [1 \ 0] \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

